

WebOS Security

WebOS Developers Workshop Mainz

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Agenda

- Architecture
- OS / Platform
- Authentication
- Networking
- Browser
- Email
- PIM
- MDM
- Other

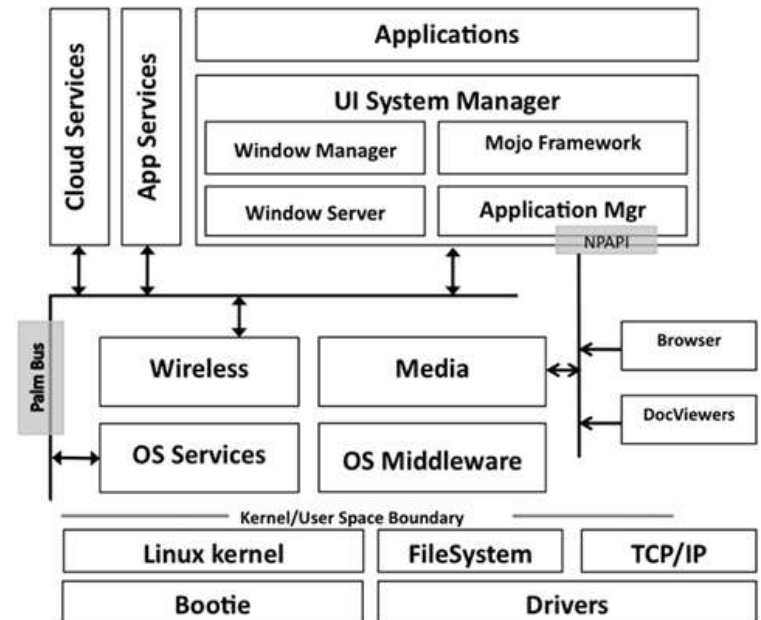
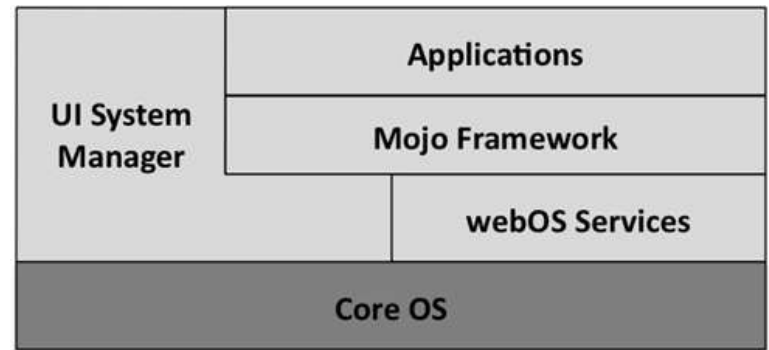
WebOS Security



Architecture

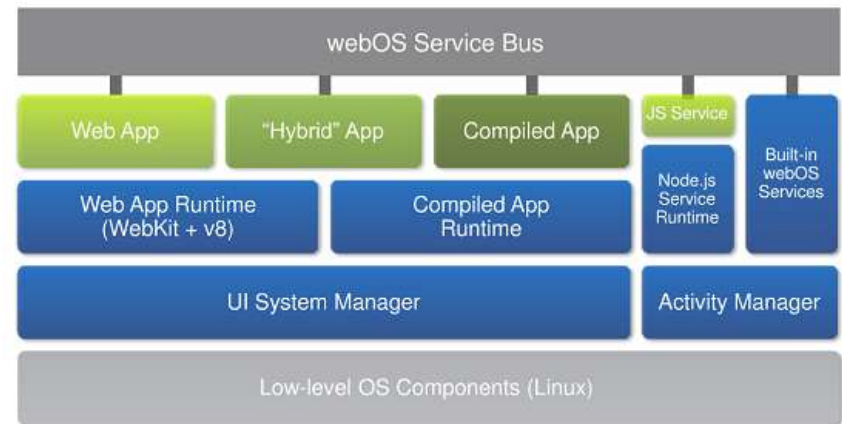
WebOS Security

- WebOS is a Platform
- OS:2.6 Linux kernel
- All interactions with the framework
 - 1.x and 2.x Mojo
 - 3.x Enyo
 - No architecture on the web
-> Assume simple exchange



- All Web Apps run with the same user
 - No permission mgmt
 - Access to cookies
 - Possible cross pollination
 - Possible traffic injection
- Jail roots exist for Hybrid and Compiled Apps
 - /usr/bin/jailer
 - /etc/jail_default.conf

HP webOS Architecture



FILE SYSTEM SECURITY

- Makes use of LVM
 - Easy to restructure without loss

```
lvm> lvs
LV          VG      Attr      LSize   ...
cm-cache   store  -wi-a-    200.00M
cm-data    store  -wi-a-     1.50G
cm-system  store  -wi-a-    304.00M
filecache  store  -wimao    136.00M
log        store  -wimao     24.00M
media      store  -wimao    25.63G
mojodb     store  -wimao    256.00M
root       store  -wimao    568.00M
swap       store  -wimao    400.00M
update     store  -wima-    16.00M
var        store  -wimao     64.00M
```

- File systems used
 - EXT3
 - VFAT

- Encryption
 - Based on LUKS + dm-crypt
 - /etc/cryptofs.conf -> configuration

```
[CryptoFS]
cipher=BLOWFISH
md=MD5
blocksize=4096
salts=1
```

- Encrypted FS
 - /dev/mapper/store-filecache
 - /dev/mapper/store-mojodb
- Encryption keys:
 - /var/palm/data/store-cryptodb.key
 - /var/palm/data/store-cryptofilecache.key

PASSWORD MANAGEMENT

- Managed and stored by the *keymanager*
- Supports
 - AES-128, AES-192, AES-256, DES/3DES
 - HMAC / SHA1
- API checks for owner of the keys (APP)
- If used correctly should be non-reversable

KEY MANAGER

- SQLite 3.x database
- /var/palm/data/keys.db
- Can also be copied out of /proc

```
sqlite3 /var/palm/data/keys.db
sqlite> .schema
CREATE TABLE keytable(id INTEGER
PRIMARY KEY,ownerID TEXT,keyID
TEXT,data BLOB,keysize INTEGER,type
INTEGER,scope INTEGER, hash BLOB);

CREATE TABLE keytableconfig(id INTEGER
PRIMARY KEY,data BLOB,dataLength
INTEGER,iv BLOB,ivLength INTEGER);
```

MONITORING

- Can be read in clear-text by using ls-monitor
 - Works only when changing passwords

```
196811.105          [PRV]      call      11          (null) (/var/run/ls2/F1UAW3)
com.palm.keymanager (/var/run/ls2/D52L6L) (null)
//changePassword   «{ "oldPassword": "c0mPlexpa$$wd!", "newPassword": "qw" }»
```

CAMERA & MIC

(Work in progress)

- No support in the API in 1.x and 2.x
- 3.X API enables access to camera and audio
- No permission mgmt -> Any APP can activate it without warning

- Types of authentication: PIN / Password
 - Must be at least 1 digit/char long
 - No complexity rules -> missing options -> APP / Patch
 - According to white paper this is supported with EAS

- Max number of failed password attempts
 - Brute-force / dictionary attacks possible
 - Nothing happens after 30 failed attempts
 - No exponential back-off or timeout
 - No option to wipe after X failed attempts

- Auto lock: yes
 - Min 30 sec. - max 30 min

- Remote wipe (I haven't tried them yet)
 - Via palm profile
 - Via ActiveSync / Exchange -> Yes according to the security white paper

(Work in progress)

- Wi-Fi
 - Only WPA2 and EAP
- Portscans
 - No open ports by default
 - SSH -> uses keys by default
- VPN
 - Cisco AnyConnect (SSL)
 - VPNC (IPSec)
 - OpenVPN (homebrew or opware)
- Bluetooth
 - Supported profiles
 - HFP/HSP
 - A2DP
 - AVRCP
 - OPP
 - SPP
 - MAP
 - HID
 - Secure authentication is preferred
- Clear-text traffic
 - Non has been observed until now

- <http://bcheck.scanit.be/>
 - is gone
- <https://browsercheck.qualys.com>
 - Qualys doesn't support the browser
- <http://www.browserscope.org/>

1. **PASS** postMessage API
2. **PASS** JSON.parse API
3. **FAIL** toStaticHTML API
4. **FAIL** httpOnly cookie API
5. **PASS** X-Frame-Options
6. **FAIL** X-Content-Type-Options
7. **FAIL** Block reflected XSS
8. **PASS** Block location spoofing
9. **PASS** Block JSON hijacking
10. **PASS** Block XSS in CSS
11. **FAIL** Sandbox attribute
12. **PASS** Origin header
13. **FAIL** Strict Transport Security
14. **PASS** Block cross-origin CSS attacks
15. **FAIL** Content Security Policy
16. **PASS** Cross Origin Resource Sharing
17. **PASS** Block visited link sniffing

- Providers out of the box:
 - Email: POP, IMAP, EAS
 - Google
 - Exchange
 - Mobile Me
 - Yahoo!
- Use of encrypted protocols by default on Synergy providers
- No spam filter
- No anti-virus protection
- Attachments can be sent
- Supports exchange policies (EAS)
 - According to whitepaper
 - I haven't tested them myself

PIM

- Synergy does not mix account information

MDM

- Only Exchange is supported via EAS
- Haven't performed any tests with this

PACKAGE MANAGERS

- 3 different ipkg databases
 - system /usr/lib/ipkg
 - preware /media/cryptofs/usr/lib/ipkg/info
 - optware (ipkg-opt) /opt/lib/ipkg/info

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Thank you



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Comments / Feedback:

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